

Installation Manual

With Auxiliary Power Supply



United States PH: 1 (716) 542-5427



Canada PH: 1 (905) 333-6745

Before Calling For Technical Support, Please Fill Out The Information Below.

CommandLIFT Serial Number:	
Dealer:	
Installation Date:	
Door Type:	
Door Size:	
Door Serial Number:	

United States

1 (716) 542-5427

Canada

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Issue 120725 (En)

Pre-Installation Check List



1. Before you begin the installation of your CommandLIFT™ , confirm that you have a minimum of 2 inches clearance above the Roll-Up door when it is in the Open position.		
2. Has the correct Balancer been installed on your Roll-Up door? Confirm that either a WHITING 2376 or 7176 center bracket balancer has been used.		
3. Is the radius of the track suitable for CommandLIFT™ operation? The CommandLIFT™ might have difficulty with tight radius tracks during the closing cycle.	YES	NO
4. Is the Roll-Up door balanced properly? Does it work easily, UP and DOWN by hand?		
5. Is the door in good working condition? Make sure there are no broken panels, hinges or rollers etc.		
6. Is the top panel of the door strong enough, or will it require reinforcement to prevent it from "flexing" during the closing cycle?	YES	NO
7. Is the power supply adequate? Has the battery and charging system been well maintained?	YES	NO
8. Will a proper power supply always be available? Will a secondary power supply be required?	YES	NO
9. The CommandLIFT™ is supplied with two Remote Transmitters. Will that be adequate or will alternative transmitting devices be required? (Additional Remote Transmitter – Keypad – Key Switch – Activating button on the dashboard). These items might be useful for dock workers or others who may need access to the cargo area of the truck or trailer.		

If any of the above boxes have been marked "NO"

Do NOT continue with the CommandLIFT™ installation

Before you start the installation

This manual will cover the installation of two primary components, the CommandLIFT power door opener and if necessary an auxiliary power supply. We have used Purkeys Fleet Electric power supply which utilizes a Trail Charger charging system and a battery. The Purkeys installation is covered from page 30 through 44. The auxiliary power supply may be required for trailer applications. We do NOT recommend connecting the CommandLIFT to a reefer battery without first consulting with the reefer dealer and Whiting technical support.

POWER REQUIREMENTS:

The **CommandLIFT™** is supplied with 32 feet of cable that runs from the **CommandLIFT™** track to the Command Module that should be mounted as close to the supply battery as possible. The installer is required to supply the main power wire that runs from the 12 volt, 20 amp power supply (battery) to the Command Module. An 8 gauge supply wire can be used if this wire is less than 35 feet in length. This would typically be used in a truck body application. If the supply wire is 35 feet to 60 feet in length, then a 6 gauge wire must be used. See the illustration on the next page.

WARNING — The gauge of the supplied cables is determined by the maximum possible lengths. Do not splice wires for extra length as this can cause voltage drop resulting in poor / intermittent operation or damage to the system.

Power Consumption:

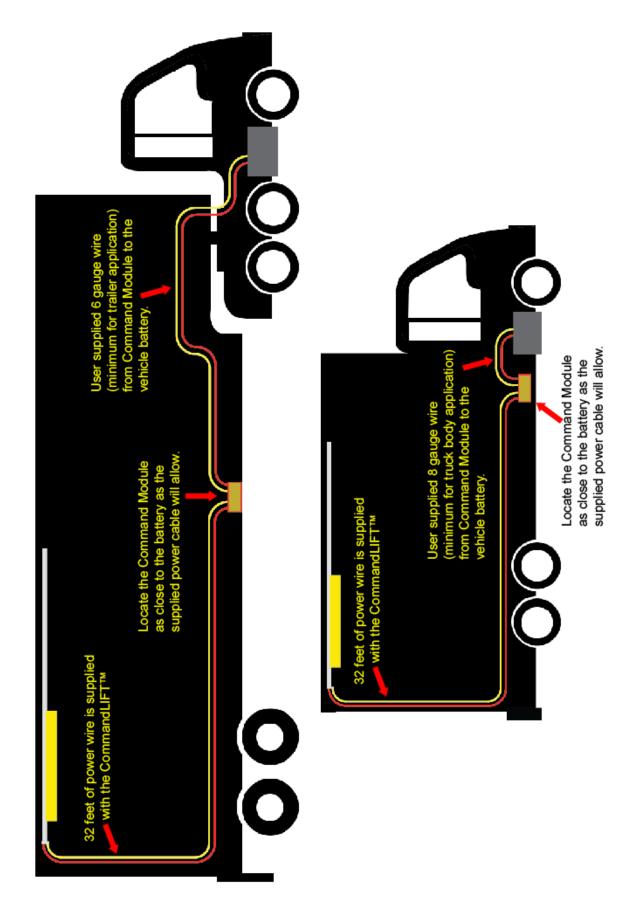
An idle **CommandLIFT™** will draw 1.2 amp hours from a battery over a 24-hour period. It is recommended that during long periods of inactivity, the **CommandLIFT™** be disconnected from the battery.

- 1. Using the illustration on the next page, plan how you are going to run the wires for the CommandLIFT™.
- Note that the CommandLIFT Module must be located <u>as close as possible</u> to the source battery. If the cable lengths do not allow this the CommandLIFT module can be mounted under or inside the vehicle. It must be protected from the extreme conditions under the vehicle.

It is not recommended, but if you are planning to connect the CommandLIFT™ to an existing Reefer Unit or Lift Gate – consult with Whiting Door and the reefer / lift gate supplier first!

Today's refrigeration units are equipped with sophisticated electronics and control systems. The integrated logic of these systems monitors the remaining power level of the battery and isolates accessories when the battery drops below pre-determined levels. It is strongly recommended that you utilize the Purkeys Trail Charger system to ensure your new CommandLIFT™ works consistently and doesn't depend on the refrigeration system for power.

IMPORTANT! ALWAYS MOUNT BOX WITH WIRE OPENINGS TO THE BOTTOM.



Insulated Truck Bodies or Trailers

If the **CommandLIFT™** is going to be installed in an Insulated truck body or trailer, you must ensure that strips of wood or metal spacers are securely fastened to the roof bows and extend down to the ceiling of the body. Do NOT fasten the **CommandLIFT™** aluminum track to the insulation in the ceiling. This will not be strong enough to support the weight and the force that is required to open and close the door.

Twin Spring Balancer Maintenance

The **CommandLIFT™** was designed to operate with any **WHITING®** roll-up door, provided the door is equipped with a twin spring balancer <u>and</u> the door has been properly maintained and balanced. The **CommandLIFT™** can also be used with other roll-up door systems but some modifications to the trailer or truck body header may be required.

Check to make sure the roll-up door is properly balanced.

The **CommandLIFT™** will operate the roll-up door provided a force of no more than 50 pounds is required to open or close the door.

Ensure that the force required to lift the door is the same force required to close the door.

If the door requires more force to open than it does to close, increase the tension on the balancer.

If the door requires more force to close than it does to open, decrease the tension on the balancer.

Time and the elements affect the tension on the spring that lifts the door. Over time, the spring wire will corrode and loose effective wire diameter. The springs themselves also get tired and loose their tensile strength.

An average balancer on a **WHITING**® door will last approximately 15,000 to 25,000 cycles.

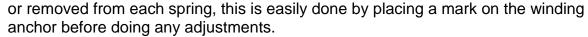


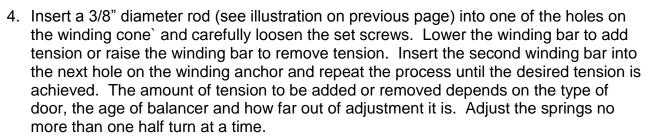
If your roll-up door is NOT in proper balance, follow the procedure on the next page.

Adjusting and Maintaining the Proper Door Balance

Always lubricate your roll-up door using **WHITING**[®] **Easy-UP**TM spray lubricant prior to checking the balance of the door. **NOTE:** If the door is balanced before it is lubricated, it will have to be "over balanced" in order to overcome the friction of dry rollers and hinge pins.

- 1. Fully open the roll-up door and push it back towards the front of the trailer approximately 18", this may require the assistance of another person or a spreader bar placed between the header and the bottom panel of the door.
- Install vice grip pliers into the track at the bottom roller to hold the door in this open position while working on the balancer.
- 3. The springs should have equal tension, for this reason it is important to count the number of turns either put on





- 5. Tighten all the set screws and remove the winding bars
- 6. Repeat this procedure on the other Balancer spring. Be sure to add or remove the same amount of tension as you did on the first side.
- 7. Remove vice grip pliers from track and test the door operation.

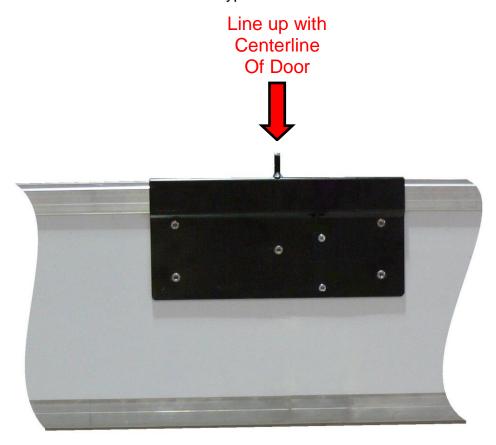
Caution — work on doors and related parts can be dangerous. It is strongly recommended that repair service work be performed by persons who have successfully completed appropriate training. If assistance is required, please contact WHITING® for a list of qualified service locations.



Mounting the Door Plate

- 1. Measure the width of the roll-up door and mark the centerline of the door on the top panel.
- 2. Rest the mounting plate on the top of the door and slide the plate left or right until the connecting tab lines up with the centerline of the door.
- 3. Use the mounting plate as a template and drill only the five (5) holes shown below, in the door panel and mount the plate with the fasteners provided.

Note: Some composite and hollow doors will require additional mounting hardware in order to provide extra strength for the installation of the door plate assembly. This additional hardware is only included in **CommandLIFT™** kits that are manufactured for these types of doors.



WHITING® DryFREIGHT™ style roll-up doors come equipped with regular top closure assemblies (shown to the right). It is necessary to replace these assemblies with the adjustable top closure slide arm and bracket assemblies that are included in the CommandLIFT™ box (See Illustration below).

- 1. Fully close the roll-up door.
- 2. Using a 1/2" wrench, remove the nuts from the existing top closure slide brackets.



DryFREIGHT™ Top Closure Assembly



- Replace the brackets with the adjustable top closure arm and bracket assemblies and rollers.
- 4. Make sure the brackets are installed so that the top panel of the roll-up door pushes against the header to ensure a good seal when the door is closed. Check to make sure the top door panel clears the Balancer Brackets.

<u>Note</u>: It is not necessary to change these brackets if you are installing the CommandLIFT™ on the WHITING® ColdSAVER™ or the TempGUARD™ doors.

Changing the Balancer Center Bracket



- 1. Using a 1/2" wrench, undo the two nuts on the Balancer Center Bracket that is located at the mid point of the **WHITING**® balancer.
- 2. Insert a 3/8" diameter rod into one of the round holes on the Balancer spring winding cone. Hold this rod tightly so the balancer spring does not unwind when the Balancer Center Bracket is removed.
- 3. Remove the old Balancer Center Bracket and replace it with the one in the **CommandLIFT™** box.
- 4. Tighten the 1/2" nuts and confirm that the door is still properly balanced.

Note:

This step can only be done if the roll-up door operates with two balancer springs as shown above.

If your door only has one balancer spring, you will have to make any necessary modifications in order to fasten the CommandLIFT™ track firmly to the header.

Joining the two lengths of CommandLIFT™ aluminum track together.

Depending on how your **CommandLIFT™** was ordered, the aluminum track will be shipped in either one or two pieces. If the track was delivered in one piece, continue on to the next step: **Connecting the track to the Header Bracket.**

If the track was delivered in two pieces, follow the next steps to join the two tracks together.

- 1. Remove the black plastic cover from the side of both track sections.
- 2. Line up the two pieces of track on a straight, level bench or work surface.
- 3. Using an Allen wrench, undo the six screws (both sides) that are holding the joiner slides in the rear track section.



- 6. Make sure the two tracks align properly and there are no sharp edges at the joint. Sharp edges at this location will cause premature wear to the motor sliders.
- 7. Tighten down all the screws and once again, check for fit and alignment.
- 8. Find the Sensor wire that has been pre-installed on the front track section, and connect it to the Sensor that is located in the rear track section. The position of this sensor will probably have to be adjusted later in the installation.



9. Fit the wire carefully into the track sections. This Sensor determines how far the door will open.

If the length of the aluminum track has to be reduced for any reason, the cut must be made at the back of the track (furthest from the door opening). Replace the "Stop Screw" that was cut off of the track. The shortest length of track required for the **CommandLIFT** to operate properly is: $\frac{\text{door height plus 36 inches}}{\text{door height plus 36 inches}}$.

Connecting the track to the Header Bracket



Connecting the track to the header

- 1. Pick up the front of the **CommandLIFT™** track assembly and fasten the adjustable mounting bracket to the Balancer Center Bracket that you installed on the Balancer shaft in the previous step.
- 2. Place the 5/16" nut and bolt through the three pieces and finger tighten the nut. All the nuts in this area will be tightened later.



Adjustable Header Bracket

3. Adjust the Header Bracket left or right to ensure the tab on the top door panel and the tab on the CommandLIFT™ motor unit are lined up as closely as possible. Once the two tabs are lined up, tighten the adjusting bolts in the Header Bracket so the track assembly won't move while it is being fastened to the ceiling or roof bows.

Fastening the CommandLIFT™ track to the roof bows

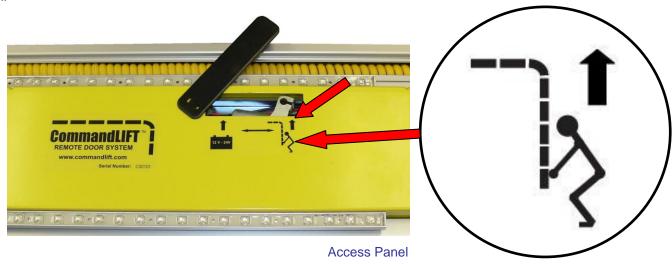


- 5. Using a suitable bit, drill holes in every roof bow along the entire length of the CommandLIFT™ track.
- 6. Use the two grooves in the track to locate the positioning of your fasteners.
- 7. Use two fasteners at every roof bow.
- 8. A large diameter head screw or rivet, with a head depth of less than 1/4" is recommended.

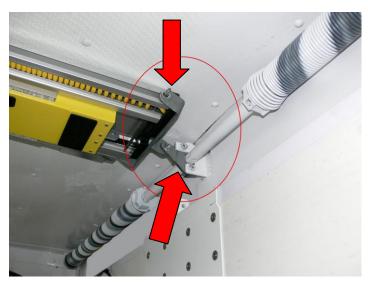
- Using "Jack Stands" or some other suitable method, lift the front end of the CommandLIFT™ track up to the ceiling or roof bows.
- Measure from the edge of the body roof to the edge of the CommandLIFT™ track (at the header).
- 3. Adjust the other end of the track and confirm that the same measurement is used along the entire length of the track.
- 4. Tighten the stands to ensure the track will not move while it is being fastened to the roof bows. It is critical that the CommandLIFT™ be installed parallel to the sides of the Trailer or Truck Body.



Drilling the roof bows



- 9. Open the black Access Panel on the motor unit and you will see a metal lever. Insert a screw driver in the hole on this lever and pull the lever towards the roll-up door. This will release the motor unit from the gears and will allow the motor unit to slide freely along the track. (See the illustrations above)
- 10. Slide the **CommandLIFT™** motor unit (by hand) along the entire length of the track. Watch and feel for any obstructions or resistance during the travel. Make sure the fastener heads are not too large and pay particular attention to any waving in the track. If the **CommandLIFT™** binds because of a wavy track, use shims to make sure the track is level and straight.



Tighten all fasteners

11. Once the track is secure and straight, tighten all the nuts and fasteners at the Header Bracket.

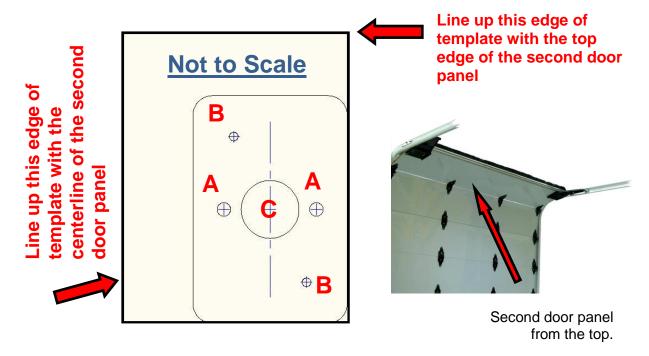
Connecting the CommandLIFT™ to the Roll-Up door

- 1. Slide the **CommandLIFT™** motor unit towards the door, as far as it will go, then slide it back approximately 3/4 inch.
- 2. Make sure the roll-up door is in the fully closed and locked position.
- 3. Measure the distance between the hole in the tab on the Motor Unit and the hole in the tab on the Door Plate and cut the threaded connector rod 1" shorter than this measurement.
- 4. Install the turn buckle. Tighten the nut on the threaded rod up against one of the forks on the assemble to prevent the rod from turning itself out from vibration.
- 5. The turn-buckle assembly should be resting at approximately 45 degrees.
- 6. Open the roll-up door by hand and confirm that everything operates smoothly.



Drilling the Holes for the Emergency Release

- 1. Measure the width of the roll-up door and mark the centerline of the door on the second (from the top) panel.
- 2. Find the paper template in the **CommandLIFT™** box. Remove the paper backing and stick the template to the second panel as described in the illustration on the next page.



3. Drill holes A, B and C as per the chart below.

Hole	Drill Diameter	Notes		
Α	3/8" diameter	Drill holes (2) completely through the door panel		
В	1/4" diameter	These are clearance holes and should be drilled no more than 1/4" deep. (Do NOT drill completely through the door panel).		
С	7/8" diameter	Use a hole saw and drill hole through the door panel		

4. Remove the template from the door panel if you wish, or mount the plate directly over the template.

Connecting the EMERGENCY release cable



- 1. Locate the lock assembly, turn the key 90 degrees and remove the core of the lock from the lock housing plate. Insert the housing plate into the holes on the face of the door. Use masking tape if necessary to hold the housing to the face of the door.
- 2. Select the appropriate length screw from the chart and secure the interior mounting plate to the housing, ensuring the small holes on the corners are aligned with the relief holes.
- 3. Insert the end of the cable with the stop into the guide tube at end of the motor housing, push the cable through until you can see it in the opening where the lever is. Insert the stop through the release lever and engage the lever (lock the CommandLIFT), with the lever engaged push the cable 2" further into the motor.



4. Slide the cable sleeve over the cable and into the motor housing 2". Mark the sleeve 1" below the door connector plate. Remove the sleeve and cut it on the mark. DO NOT CUT THE CABLE. Slide the sleeve back over the cable and into the motor housing. Use the two ½" Phillips machine screws to secure the cable clamp to the door connector plate.



5. Ensure the cable is still two inches past the release lever and the lever is still engaged. Using good quality cutters cut the cable 1" below the lock mounting plate. Not using a proper tool to cut the



stainless cable can cause the end of the cable to fray and become difficult to insert into the lock.

- 6. Slide the yellow tube, the 2" piece of cable sleeve and the plastic cover base over the cable. Push the cable through the door and lock housing so it protrudes through the face.
- 7. Insert the cut end of the cable into the hole on the back of the lock core. Secure the cable by tightening the set screw on the side of the core with a 5/64" Allen key. Be sure it is a tight as possible. Insert the core into the housing, turn 90 degrees and remove the key.

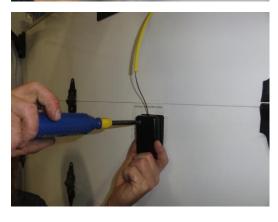


8. Use the two screws provided to secure the exterior cover over the lock assembly.



9. Locate and secure the rear cable cover on the mounting plate using the two 1" Phillips machine screws provided. This cover also acts as a clamp for the 2" section of cable sleeve.

Routing the Supply Wires to the Command Module



The **CommandLIFT™** is supplied with a 32 foot, 6-wire power cable, which has been preconnected to the **CommandLIFT™** track at the factory.

The Command Module (electronic box) should be located as close as possible to the 12 volt, 20 amp power source as possible.

In a typical installation, the power cable might run along the header, and down along the side wall. From there, the cable would be routed under the truck body or trailer as far forward as the cable will allow.

At this point, find a safe and convenient location to mount the Command Module box. Even though the Command Module box has an NEMA 4X rating, it should be located in as protected a location as possible.

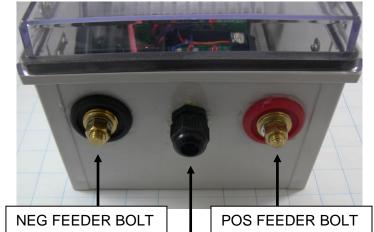
Inside the control module you will find 2 key fobs and 4 mounting tabs. The key fobs are programmed for this box, do not mix them up with fobs from other units. Install the mounting tabs on the back of the module with the 4 screws provided. (as shown)

There is a wire gland and two power feed bolts on the bottom of the Command Module box. Be sure to mount the

box with the wire openings towards the bottom. Mount the box onto the vehicle.

Route the cable from the CommandLIFT up through the cable gland.

Ensure there is enough wire to reach the far side of the terminal strip inside the box. Tighten the nut. This nut has to be tight enough to provide a water-tight seal around the wire.



Two wires will be required to connect the Command Module to the battery. These two wires are not included with the CommandLIFT. If installing the module inside the battery enclosure 10 gauge wire is adequate, if mounting the module outside the enclosure minimum 8 gauge wire is required for up to 35 feet in length. Over 35 feet will require 6 gauge wire.

COMMANDLIFT CABLE GLAND

A 30 amp in line fuse should be used on the positive line as close to the battery as possible. This will protect the vehicles electrical system and prevent a fire in the event that a "dead short" situation occurs.

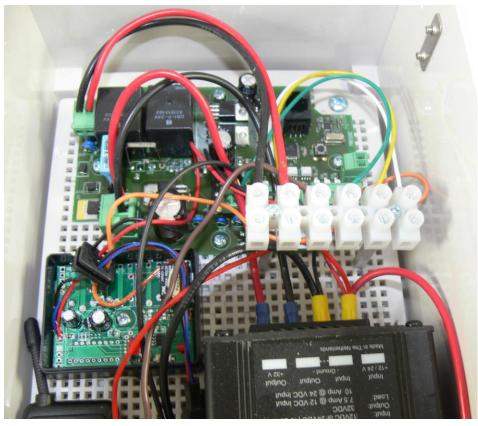
NOTICE - Using supply wires of a smaller gauge than mentioned above may result in the CommandLIFT™ not operating properly and may damage the system and void the warranty.

Wiring the Command Module

The CommandLIFT cable contains six wires. The white, yellow, brown and green wires are smaller gauge than the red and black wires. Study the illustration to the right, and route the smaller gauge wires to the terminal strip and connect the white wire to the existing white wire, the yellow wire to the existing yellow wire, the brown wire to the existing brown wire and the green wire to the existing green wire.

The red and black wires should be connected to the existing red and black wires at the end of the terminal strip. Make sure all connections are solid and secure.

The two battery wires can now be connected to the feeder



bolts on the bottom of the box. If you have elected to use different colored battery wires, make sure that the **POSITIVE** wire is connected to the red feeder bolt and the **NEGATIVE** wire is connected to the black feeder bolt and the opposing ends are identified as positive and negative. Cover the bolts with a die electric grease or other type of protection from the elements.

Connecting to the 12 volt battery source

When you are satisfied that all the connections to the Command Module are tight and secure you can now connect the source cables to the battery. Make sure the positive lead from the Command module is connected to the positive post on the battery and the negative lead is connected to the negative post on the battery. Make sure these connections are secure. Protect the connections from the elements by applying die electric grease or some other type of sealant to the connections.

Engage the Motor Unit and test the door



Before engaging the motors, position the door so the CommandLIFT is between the open and closed sensors. These are found on the road side of the CommandLIFT track. Once the CommandLIFT is between these sensors you can lock the motor into position by engaging the drive lever. Open the black access cover on the motor unit and you will see a metal lever. Insert a screw driver in the hole on this lever and pull

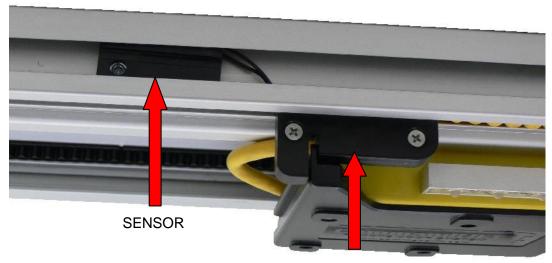
the lever towards the front of the body (away from the door opening) until the lever "**SNAPS**" into place at the location shown to the right.

You may have to use a screw driver or other suitable tool to help you move the lever into place. The motor unit is now locked into place in the track. Replace the access cover.

Check the installation of the CommandLIFT™ once again, and when you are satisfied that the installation is complete, and all the fasteners and electrical connections are tight and secure, press the button on the Remote Control transmitter.

The door will operate. Pressing this button again, will STOP the door travel.

Adjust the door travel



CABLE SLIDER

On the road-side of the aluminum track, you will see two Sensor Units that are each held in place with a set screw. You will have to remove the plastic, finishing strip from the aluminum track in order to see these Sensors. These Sensor Units tell the **CommandLIFT™** how far to travel before stopping by sensing the magnet inside the cable slider.

To set the Sensor for the door **CLOSED** position, close the door all the way and slide the sensor so it rests just above the cable slider. The LED light indicating "door closed" should be illuminated in the Command module.

To set the Sensor for the door **OPEN** position, open the door all the way. Loosen the set screw on the **OPEN** Sensor and slide it in the aluminum track until it rests about 2" in front of the cable slider. In the **OPEN** position, the roll-up door should be just clear of the header. This will provide a FULL door opening on the truck body or trailer. The "door open" LED on the board should be illuminated.

Don't forget to place the **CommandLIFT™ CAUTION** label above the door grab handle, just above the Pull Strap. This label reminds operators that the door will probably not operate normally and that they must use the Remote Control Transmitter in order to activate the door, or use the key on the EMERGENCY Release system in order to operate the door manually.



What happens when the Remote Control Transmitter button is pressed?

- 1. When the Remote Control Door Button is pushed, the door will start to open. After the door is in the open position, the LED lights on the **CommandLIFT**™ motor unit will turn on. The lights will stay on (with the door open) for fifteen minutes.
- 2. When the Remote Control button is pressed again, the door will close. After the door is in the closed position, the LED lights on the **CommandLIFT**TM motor unit will turn on and will stay on for one minute.
- 3. If you press the Remote Control button while the door is in travel either up or down, the door will **STOP**. The next time the button is pushed, the door will travel in the opposite direction.
- 4. If the roll-up door hits an object (such as a box or other cargo) while it is closing, the door will stop moving and go back up approximately three inches allowing the obstacle to be removed. The next time the Remote Control button is pressed, the door will go back to the fully open position. If the door is obstructed while opening it will stop, but not reverse. The next time the remote is pressed the door will go back down to the fully closed position.
- 5. Make sure the roll-up door lock is in the **UNLATCHED** position before the **CommandLIFT**™ is operated.



Using the EMERGENCY Key Release system

You may be occasionally required to release the **CommandLIFT™** from the door system in order to operate the Roll-Up door manually. **CommandLIFT™** can be released from the drive system in two ways.

Using the exterior EMERGENCY release

- Insert the CommandLIFT™ key into the lock cylinder located in the center of the second roll-up door panel from the top.
- Turn the key 90 degrees and pull the lock and connecting cable from the lock cylinder. Pull the lock assembly *firmly* and the CommandLIFT™ will be released from the drive system.



3. Reinsert the cable and the lock cylinder back into the lock housing on the door. The roll-up door can now be operated manually.

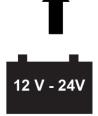
Using the interior EMERGENCY release

- 1. Pull on the yellow section of the cable coming from the CommandLIFT to the door.
- 2. Now the door can be operated manually.



Reconnecting the CommandLIFT™ drive system

1. Open the Access Panel on the **CommandLIFT™** motor unit.



2. Pull the lever towards the front of the body (away from the door opening) until the lever "<u>SNAPS</u>" into place at the location shown to the right. You may have to use a screw driver or other suitable tool to help you move the lever into place. The motor unit is now locked into place in the track. Replace the cover on the access panel. CommandLIFT™ can now be operated with the Remote Control transmitter.

Integrating Auxiliary Systems with CommandLIFT®

Integration of the CommandLIFT® system with other operating systems may only be done with express written consent of WHITING Door. Failure to do so will void all warranties. Consult with your dealer or the factory before connecting any other systems to the CommandLIFT® controller.

Conditions

Connection must be as outlined in the CommandLIFT® manual as well as the specific installation instructions from the integrated accessory.

WHITING warranty against manufacturing defects is limited to the CommandLIFT® motor unit, the control module and any supplied cable.

WHITING Door will not be held responsible for any components or related labour to any auxiliary systems as a result of integration with the CommandLIFT®.

Damage to the CommandLIFT® controller as a result of connection to an auxiliary controller is not covered and is the responsibility of the supplier / manufacturer of the secondary controller.

Under no circumstances can the CommandLIFT® control module be used as a power source or junction point for any auxiliary systems or controllers.

Damage to the mechanical drive system, track, electronic module or wiring through improper operation of the CommandLIFT® in conjunction with any auxiliary systems is not covered under warranty.

Any damage as a result of forcible entry is not covered under the warranty.

WHITING Door reserves the right to review and retract if necessary the consent if the configuration of the various systems deviates from the original design and approval.

Troubleshooting with Auxiliary Systems

When CommandLIFT® is used with a controller other than the originally supplied CommandLIFT® FM receiver the first step in any troubleshooting scenario is to check for power to the CommandLIFT® controller and auxiliary controller.

Once power has been verified the second step is to disconnect the auxiliary inputs to the CommandLIFT® controller and reinitiate the FM receiver. Test the CommandLIFT® with the originally supplied receiver and key fob remotes. If the CommandLIFT works with the original receiver and remotes the problem is with the auxiliary system.

Contact the supplier / manufacturer of that system.

Programming Additional Remote Control Transmitters

The **CommandLIFT**™ comes with two Remote Control transmitters that are pre-programmed for your motor unit. The **CommandLIFT**™ will allow additional Remote Control transmitters to be programmed to the motor unit. These additional Remote Control transmitters must be programmed into the **CommandLIFT**™ system by following these steps:

- 1. Open the cover from the CommandLIFT Electronic Command Module.
- 2. Locate the small WHITE button shown with the Red arrow.
- 3. Press the WHITE button briefly and the small RED light will glow.
- 4. While the RED light is ON, press the button on the new Remote Control transmitter. Press this button again and the RED light will go out, the new transmitter is now programmed for your motor unit. Press the button again and the door will operate

You can also erase the CommandLIFT™ memory of all the programmed transmitters and reprogram a new set of transmitters by following these steps:

Press and hold the WHITE button approximately 10 seconds. Release the button and the small RED light will flash 5 times. All memory of existing transmitters has been erased. Follow Steps 2 to 4 above and the new transmitters will be programmed for your system.



WHITE PROGRAMMING BUTTON

RED LED INDICATOR LIGHT

Changing the Battery in the Remote Control Transmitters

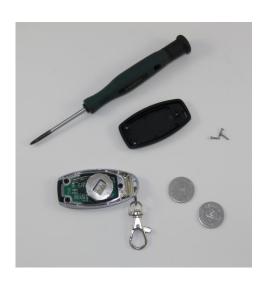
If the Roll-Up door does not operate when the button on the remote control transmitter is pressed, check the Blue light on the transmitter to make sure it is working. If the Blue light flashes, or does not light at all, then the battery in the transmitter needs to be replaced.



 Using a small Phillips screwdriver, carefully remove the three small screws from the back of the transmitter housing and remove the rear cover of the transmitter.



- With the cover removed, you will see the two CR2016 button cell batteries. Carefully remove the batteries from the transmitter and replace them. Make sure to replace the batteries in the same orientation as they were removed. + facing up.
- After replacing the cover, confirm that the Blue light on the on the transmitter is working properly.
 The Remote Control does <u>NOT</u> need to be reprogrammed.



CommandLIFT™ Maintenance

There are only a few maintenance procedures that should be completed on a **monthly** basis.

- Using WHITING[®] brand EASY-UP[™] spray lubricant, <u>completely lubricate</u> the EMERGENCY key lock located on the Roll-Up door
- Inspect and clean the Aluminum track. If the track assembly was shipped in two pieces, make sure the track joint is flush and remove any sharp edges.
- 3. Make sure the Motor Unit slides smoothly in the track.
- 4. Check all the wiring connections to make sure they are clean, safe and secure.
- Check the Plastic Motor Unit Guides and replace them if they show any signs of wear (see below). These Guides are available from a WHITING[®] dealer.

Ask for Plastic Motor Unit Guides Part No. – CLA-0116 (Set of 4).



Replacing the Plastic Guides on the Motor Unit

- Remove the CommandLIFT™ Motor Unit from the aluminum track as per the directions on the next page.
- 2. Remove the four Plastic Motor Unit Guides from the Motor Unit housing.
- 3. Inspect the Plastic Motor Unit Guides and replace them if they show any signs of wear.



Plastic motor unit guides

Motor Unit removal for Servicing

If the **CommandLIFT™** has to be removed from the track for regular maintenance, follow these steps:

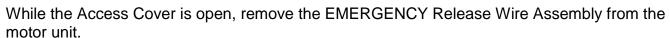
Remove the Turn Buckle assembly from the motor unit.

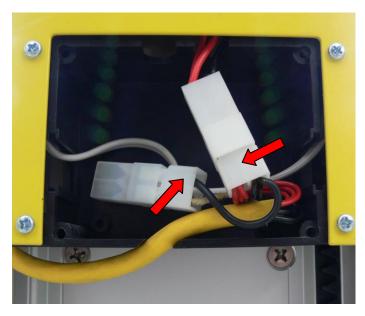
Remove the STOP screw from the track at the end furthest from the door opening.

Remove the plastic End Cap from the Aluminum track at the end furthest from the door opening.

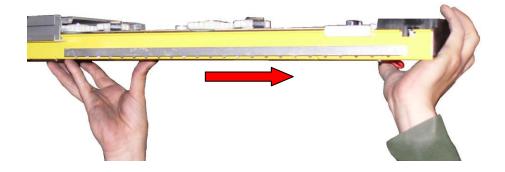
Open the black access panel on the motor unit (see illustration to the right) and you will see a metal lever.

Insert a screw driver in the hole on this lever and pull the lever towards the roll-up door. This will release the motor unit from the gears and will allow the motor unit to slide freely along the track.





Remove the four screws from the black cover on the **CommandLIFT**TM Motor Unit. Unplug the two LED light wiring harnesses in the Motor Unit and slide the **CommandLIFT**TM Motor Unit out of the aluminum track (see illustration below).



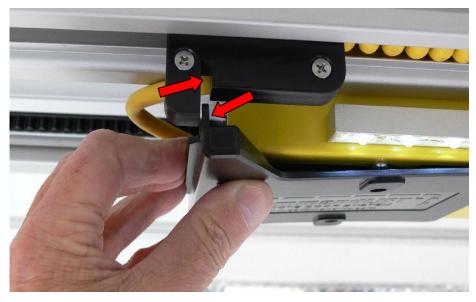
Reinstall Motor Unit

If the **CommandLIFT™** was removed from the track for regular maintenance, complete the following steps to reinstall the **CommandLIFT™** motor unit into the track.

Slide the **CommandLIFT**™ motor unit back into the end of the aluminum track and reinstall the black End Cap assembly and stop screw to the aluminum track.

Plug in the two wiring harnesses that are located in the plastic box on the motor unit (refer to illustration on the previous page).

Replace the black plastic cover on the motor unit (see illustration below). Make sure the tab on the cover fits into the slot on the coil cable slider assembly, and replace the 4 mounting screws on the cover.



Replace Cover Plate

Lubricate the roller bearings and shafts, hinge pins and cable drum bearings as per the illustrations below.



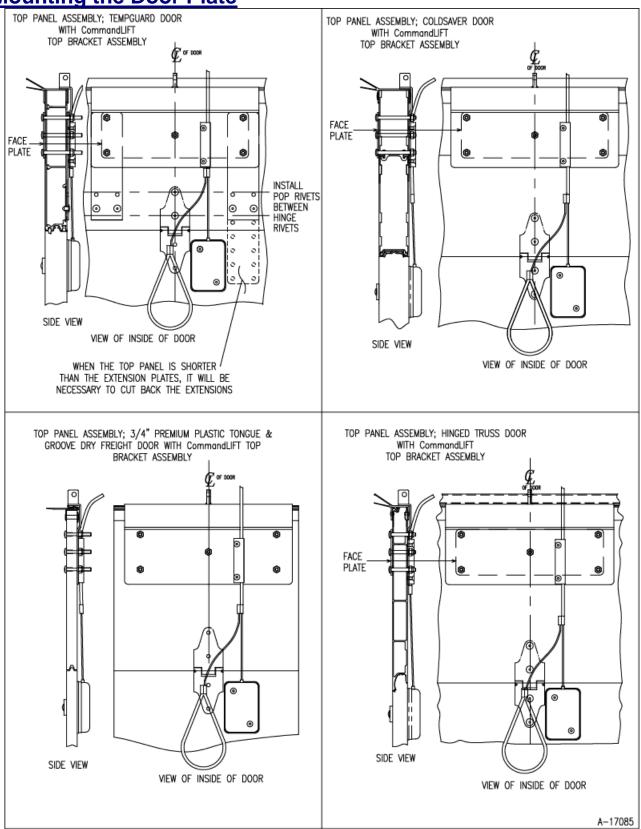
DO NOT USE GREASE OF ANY KIND! Grease sits on the surfaces and attracts dust, dirt and salt. The recommended lubricant is environmentally friendly, WHITING® brand EASY-UP™ spray lubricant available from your local WHITING® dealer



Appendix

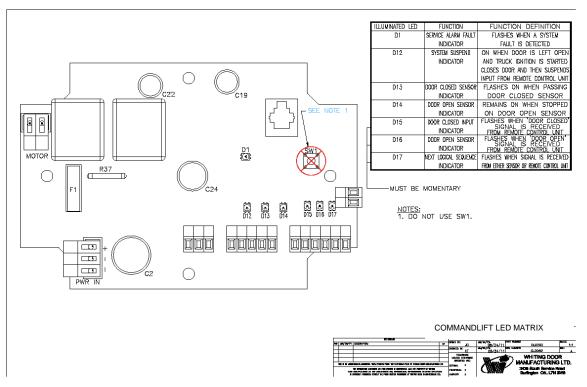
В

Mounting the Door Plate

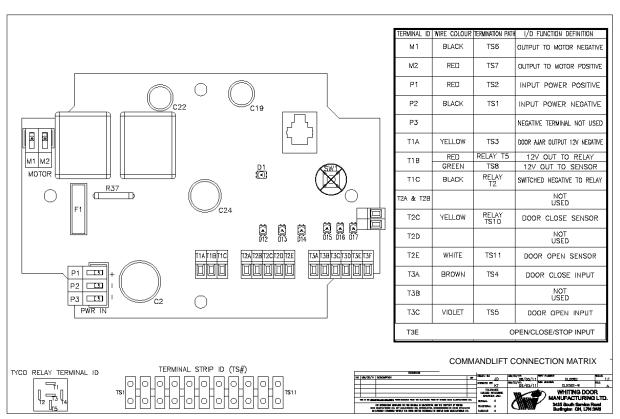


Note: Cable assembly is not as illustrated.

Circuit board LED matrix.

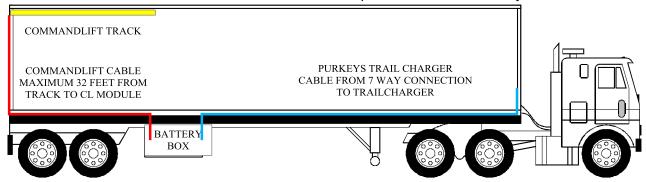


Circuit board wiring matrix.



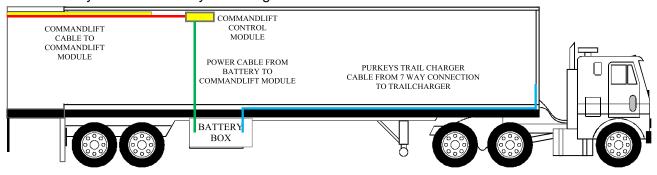
This section of the manual deals with the installation of an auxiliary power supply. METHOD #1

Location of auxiliary battery box with Purkeys Trail Charger and CommandLIFT control module inside the enclosure, if the 32 foot CommandLIFT cable is adequate to reach the battery box.



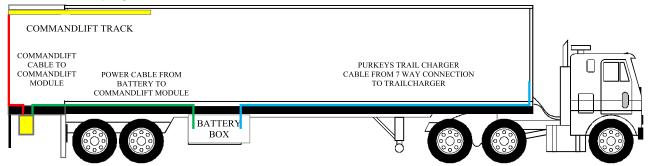
METHOD #2

Diagram below shows the CommandLIFT control module inside the trailer directly above the battery enclosure. This method may the best way to ensure the shortest wire lengths and offer the best protection to the module from the elements. Concerns about freight interference and bulkhead locations may be addressed by mounting the module close the rear condenser unit.



METHOD #3

Diagram below shows the location of the CommandLIFT control module outside the battery enclosure if 32 feet of cable doesn't allow for installation inside the battery enclosure and mounting the module inside the trailer is not an option. The CommandLIFT control module should be mounted vertically and protected from flying debris.



Battery life with a CommandLIFT

There are countless types of batteries that are available for the over the road market. Selecting the right type of battery for the CommandLIFT / Purkeys auxiliary power unit is critical for continued long term trouble free operation.

Our recommendation is an AGM (absorbed glass mat) deep cycle battery.

AGM (Absorbed Glass Mat) batteries require no maintenance.

Deep cycle batteries can withstand deeper states of discharge with minimal effect on the overall life of the battery.

The less a battery is discharged before being recharged increases the life expectancy of the battery. Ideally a deep cycle battery doesn't go below a 30% discharge rate. Meaning the battery is recharged at or above 70% capacity. Going below 70% doesn't have any adverse effects on the battery or performance; however going into that rate of depletion continually will reduce the overall life expectancy of the battery. For this reason a Group 31 battery is the recommended size. A Group 31 battery is rated at 95 to 125 amp hours. 105 amp hours was used for the calculations in the chart below.

The chart below shows the daily requirements of a CommandLIFT at 12 amps draw, which is higher than typical, but possible in cold conditions.

Using the chart below you can see that a Group 31 battery is suitable up to 300 cycles per day, which would be considered extremely unlikely.

Complete	Accumulated	Amp/hour	Parasitic	Total	Battery	Remaining
Cycles (open	Motor Run	Consumption	draw per	Amp	Type	Capacity
and close)	Time		day	Draw		
	(minutes)					
					Group	94%
50	25	4.98	1.2	6.12	31	
					Group	90%
100	50	9.96	1.2	11.08	31	
					Group	81%
200	100	19.92	1.2	21.12	31	
					Group	70%
300	150	29.88	1.2	31.08	31	
					Group	61%
400	200	39.84	1.2	41.04	31	

It is imperative to determine the actual cycles per day to ensure the proper battery is provided. Using a starting battery or a battery that is under capacity can result in poor or intermittent operation of the CommandLIFT.

Keep in mind that cold working environments increase resistance on the door resulting in higher amp draw, cold also decreases the battery's storage capacity and ability to recharge at a fast rate.



TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

OWNERS MANUAL

- OPERATION
- INSTALLATION
- WIRING DIAGRAM
- TROUBLESHOOTIN

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

GENERAL OPERATION

PROBLEM

On applications where the CommandLIFT battery is mounted a long distance from the primary vehicle's electrical system, voltage drop will occur. The longer the distance and the smaller the cables that connect the two battery systems, the greater the voltage drop. To charge the CommandLIFT battery, the correct voltage must be applied to the battery. Without the necessary voltage (electrical pressure) to push current through the CommandLIFT battery for recharging, no recharging can occur. To charge a group 31 battery at 0 degrees F, voltages of 15 volts are necessary. The same battery pack at 80 degrees F might only require 14.0 volts. The heavy duty commercial vehicle alternator is normally set at 14.0 volts and flat compensated. The typical vehicle's battery pack is maintained at approximately 13.5 volts. The difference occurs because of the voltage drop between the battery and the alternator. With this fact in mind, the starting voltage for the CommandLIFT battery is 13.5 volts.

The circuit to charge the CommandLIFT battery includes the cables from the vehicle's battery box to the dual pole receptacle at the back of the tractor, the dual pole cable from the tractor to the trailer, the receptacle at the front of the trailer, and the cable that connects to the CommandLIFT battery. The total length of this can be well over 60 feet. All of this length and connections (including fuses) create voltage drop in the system. While the total circuit resistance of this circuit is constant, as the current load increases, the voltage drop also increases. It is impossible to have the correct level of voltage at the CommandLIFT battery. This reduced voltage results in a battery pack that is not maintained at a proper state of charge which results in shortened battery life, less operating time and possible damage to the CommandLIFT system.

SOLUTION

TRAIL CHARGER – Eliminates the above problem by amplifying (boosting) any input voltage (9 to 14) to the correct voltage necessary to charge and maintain the CommandLIFT battery. This input voltage can be obtained through the 7-way auxiliary pin, which now allows the CommandLIFT battery to be charged when connected to any tractor with no dual pole connection necessary. This increased voltage will allow the battery to be charged and maintained at a higher state of charge so that it provides the energy necessary to do whatever job they are designed for, even in the toughest environments. The Trail Charger also will not let the CommandLIFT battery back feed to the tractor's battery pack.

The Trail Charger with Lockouts has a shutdown mode of operation:

• Shutdown Mode: This mode is enabled when the lock out pin is active. In this mode the charger output is shutdown and will not charge an external battery. This mode has the highest priority and over-rides all other modes. This feature is used when the TC is powered off of the aux circuit. A lead is connected to the stop light circuit to the six pin connector of the TC with LO's. When the brakes are applied the TC with LO's turns off so that the trailer's ABS system gets full available power. When the brakes are released the TC turns back on.

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 1: Mount the Trail Charger on the back of the battery box using the supplied self-drilling sheet metal screws. (See Figure 1) The Trail Charger should be mounted about 1 ½" down from the top and just to the right of the grommet. The unit must also be mounted with the plug pointed down (6 o'clock). Note: Be sure that the screws will not interfere with the batteries in the box.

Step 2: Route the main harness into the battery box through the hole in the side of the battery box. **All wires** routed through the battery box should be protected with a rubber grommet or dome nut.

Route the following wires (the Deutsch pins go to the outside) out of the battery box through the hole in the back next to the Trail Charger. (See Figure 2)

- Yellow wire "D", labeled "Ignition Pin #4"
- Red wire "E", labeled "12V Output Pin #2"
- Blue wire "B", labeled "Lockout Input"

- Red wire "A", labeled "12V Input Pin #1"
- Black wire "F", labeled "GRND Pin #3"

Step 3: Once the wires are routed properly the Trail Charger input and ignition wires can be inserted into the Deutsch connector body. The input (red) wire will slide into the #1 position. The ignition (yellow) wire will slide into the #4 position. (See Figure 3)

Step 4: The positive (red) output wire will slide into the #2 position. The negative (black) output wire will slide into the #3 position. (See Figure 4)



Figure 1



Figure 2



Figure 3

Figure 4

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 5: Verify all the wires are in their correct positions and locked in place. (See Figure 5)

- Figure 5-1: Red 10 AWG 12 Volt input power of the main harness.
- Figure 5-2: Red 10 AWG Trail Charger output power to liftgate battery's positive (+).
- Figure 5-3: Black 10 AWG Trail Charger output ground to liftgate battery's negative (-).
- Figure 5-4: Yellow 14 AWG ignition input of the main harness.

Step 6: Once both wires are inserted into the connector the orange lock can be inserted . (See Figure 6)

Step 7: Insert the brake circuit wire into the 6 way Deutsch connector in the #2 position. The other positions should already have plugs inserted into the empty holes to help prevent corrosion and contamination. (See Figure 7)

Step 8: Once the wire is inserted into the connector the orange lock can be inserted. Make sure that the lock is properly seated. (See Figure 8)

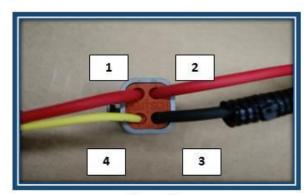


Figure 5

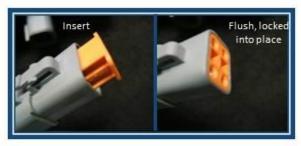


Figure 6



Se

Insert

Figure 8

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 9: Slide the included clear tubing over the connectors on the Trail Charger. This will help prevent water and contaminates from entering the electrical connections. (See Figure 9)

Step 10: The harness plugs may now be inserted into the Trail Charger. Push the 4 wire connector into the tubing and into the appropriate socket on the Trail Charger. Push the 6 wire connector into the tubing and into the appropriate socket on the Trail Charger. It may be necessary to use a screwdriver to make sure the plugs are properly seated. (See Figure 10)

Step 11: The last connections can now be made at the CommandLIFT battery. First install the fuse cube assembly on one of the liftgate positive battery terminals. (See Figure 11)

Step 12: The red 10 AWG Trail Charger output positive wire labeled "liftgate positive" can now be connected to the fuse cube assembly. Remove the insulated nut, install the wire and reinstall the nut.

The black Trail Charger output ground wire should be connected to the negative post of the battery as shown. (See Figure 12)



Figure 9



Figure 11

002 - 00



Figure 10



Figure 12

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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 13: Once the Trail Charger is mounted the main harness can be routed to the front of the trailer utilizing the factory channels up to the fifth wheel plate and then through the electrical/air line tubes the rest of the way to the front of the trailer. (See Figure 13)

Step 14: Route the main harness out the front of the trailer. Make sure the cable is protected from chaffing. (See Figure 14)

Step 15: Now route the three wires (red 10 AWG, black 10 AWG and blue 16 AWG) into the 7 way nose box. Cover with conduit and secure with a wire tie. (See Figure 15)

Step 16: Route the black 10 AWG wire to the ground screw in the 7 way box. Cut to length and slide a piece of the black heat shrink over the wire. Now crimp and solder a #10 eyelet on the wire and apply heat to the heat shrink. Once properly terminated remove the nut and add this wire to the ground stud. (See Figure 16) NOTE: It is strongly suggest that these wires be labeled due to the color difference from the standard.



Figure 13



Figure 15



Figure 14



Figure 16

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Step 17: Now the red 10 AWG wire can be cut to length and connected using the fuse holder with the orange leads (30 amp fuse). Slide a piece of the red heat shrink over the wire and crimp and solder the two wires together and cover with the heat shrink, then apply heat. Once connected remove the nut for the AUX/ABS stud and add this wire, then retighten the nut to spec. (See Figure 17)

NOTE: We strongly suggest that these wires be labeled due to the color difference from the standard.

Step 18: Cut the blue 16 AWG wire and connect to the black fuse holder with black leads (2 amp fuse). Slide a piece of red heat shrink over the blue wire, crimp and solder the two wires together, cover with the heat shrink and apply heat. Once connected remove the nut for the brake/stop stud and add this wire, retighten to spec. (See Figure 18) NOTE: We strongly suggest that these wires be labeled due to the color difference from the standard.

Step 19: The front of the trailer is now finished. Reinstall the 7 way nose box cover, cover any exposed wires with conduit and secure with wire ties. (See Figure 19)

Step 20: Installation is now complete, connect a tractor to the trailer via the 7-way receptacle, turn the key on and check operation of Trail Charger. The Trail Charger's green LED light should be illuminated. Measure the CommandLIFT battery voltage, should be near 14.0 volts. Check the brake lockout function by verifying that the green LED on the Trail Charger flashes slowly when the brakes are applied. When the brakes are released, the LED should go back to solid.



Figure 17



Figure 18



Figure 19 221 N. 14th Street, Rogers, AR 72756 P: 479.621.8282 F: 479.621.9595

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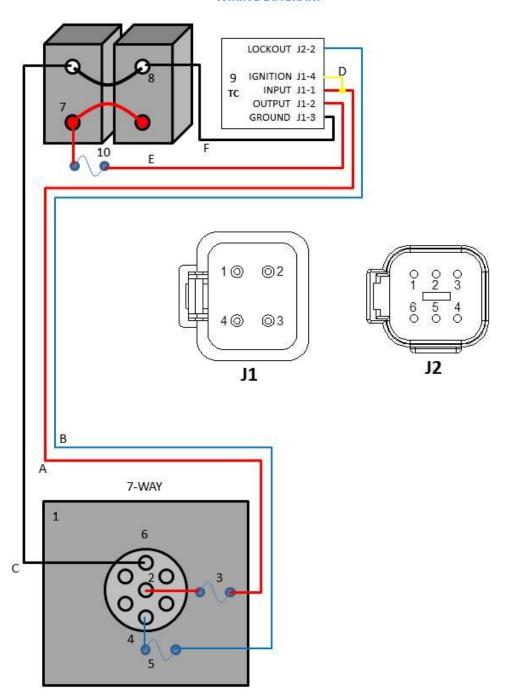
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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

WIRING DIAGRAM



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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

WIRING DIAGRAM LEGEND

Components

- 1. 7-Way Connector
- 2. 7-Way Aux Pin
- 3. 30 Amp Fuse
- 4. 7-Way Brake Circuit
- 5. 5 Amp Fuse
- 6. 7-Way Ground Circuit
- 7. CommandLIFT Battery Positive
- 8. CommandLIFT Battery Negative
- 9. Trail Charger
 - J1-1 Input from 7-way aux pin
 - J1-2 Output to CommandLIFT battery positive
 - J1-3 Ground to CommandLIFT battery negative
 - J1-4 Ignition spliced from input wire from 7-way aux pin
 - J2-1 Not used in this application
 - J2-2 Brake circuit sense from 7-way brake circuit
 - J2-3 Not used in this application
 - J2-4 Not used in this application
 - J2-5 Not used in this application
 - J2-6 Not used in this application
- 10. 30 Amp Fuse

	Connection 1	Connection 2	Color
A.	7-Way Aux Pin	Trail Charger Input J1-1	Red
В.	7-Way Brake Circuit	Trail Charger Lockout J2-2	Blue
C.	7-Way Ground	CommandLIFT Battery Nega	tive Black
D.	Input Wire (Splice)	Trail Charger Ignition	Yellow
E.	Trail Charger Output	CommandLIFT Battery Posi	tive Red
F.	Trail Charger Ground	CommandLIFT Battery Nega	ative Black

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Disconnect and test the CommandLIFT battery.

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Before beginning the troubleshooting procedures, the CommandLIFT battery needs to be 12.4 volts or higher and test good.

Rated CCA	Battery 1	Battery 2	Battery 3	B Battery 4	
	9) 	9 6 - 16 6 92			
Rated RC	20	39 3		4 2 3	
Open Circuit Voltage	3 	S 			
Test Results	<u> </u>	n a n		<u> </u>	
Tester Used	())	p e 10 2			
Note: All batteries must pas	s load test or be rep	olaced before pro	ceeding.		
LED indications:					
The STATUS LED will indicate	several different co	onditions of the T	Frail Charge	er with Lockouts. This is accomplished b	
				king color at three different blink rates.	
(See table below):					
RATE	TIMING				
Slow	1 second on, 1 se	cond off			
Medium	½ second on, ½ s	econd off			
High	¼ on, ¼ off				
Definition of indications are	found below:				
LED off	Module off, ignition or input voltage not present Fault: n/a				
	Input Command	어린 경기를 입하는 경기 없었다면 하다는 사람들이 없었다.		Input Command Reduce: n/a	
LED, Red, high blink	FAULT, any on the			Fault: Any	
500 500 take	Input Command	Shutdown: n/a		Input Command Reduce: n/a	
LED, Green, medium blink	SHUTDOWN mod	le (Pg. 14)		Fault: None	
	Input Command	Shutdown: ON		Input Command Reduce: n/a	
LED, Green, slow blink	Reduce power me	ode, charging (Pg	g. 14)	Fault: None	
	Input Command S	Shutdown: OFF		Input Command Reduce: ON	
LED, Green, solid	Charging or Charg		operly)	Fault: None	
	Input Command	Shutdown: OFF		Input Command Reduce: OFF	
A RED LED blinking at a high	rate indicates one o	of the following f	ault conditi	ons exist:	
A. Input over-voltage lim					

- B. Input under-voltage limit. (T/S procedure pg. 13)
- C. Output over-voltage limit. (T/S procedure pg. 13)
- D. Output over-current limit / Output FET's over thermal limits. (T/S procedure pg. 14)

A fast blinking RED from any fault indication has a higher priority than all other indications if the ignition is on.

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TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

A. Che	ecking for INPUT under voltage condition — High Rate Blinking Red LED
	Plug in a know good power source into the trailer, this can be a tractor or portable battery source.
2.	With the Trail Charger operating, test the voltage at the TC pin #1 and TC pin #3. The voltage must
	be over 9.0 volts. If yes, proceed to step B. If no, record the reading and move to the next step.
	Voltage reading:
3.	Test the voltage at the aux. pin of the 7-way nose box at the front of the trailer. Note the voltage
	and amount of current flowing and record. Voltage: Amps:
4.	Subtract the voltage reading in step 2 from the reading in step 3 and compare to the chart
	referencing the amp reading in step 3.
	At 20 amps the allowable voltage drop is 3.0 volts.
	2. At 15 amps the allowable voltage drop is 2.25 volts.
	3. At 10 amps the allowable voltage drop is 1.5 volts.
-	4. At 5 amps the allowable voltage drop is .75 volts.
5.	If higher than allowed, repair the wiring from the nose box to the Trail Charger.
Note:	The trailer wiring could be fine and the problem is in the power source (tractor and 7-way cord) which
	should also be tested per TMC's RP-137.
D CL	alder for INDUT accordance and dates. Well Date Disables Ded LED
	ecking for INPUT over voltage condition – High Rate Blinking Red LED
	Plug in a know good power source into the trailer, this can be a tractor or portable battery source.
۷.	With the Trail Charger operating, test the voltage at the TC pin #1 and TC pin #3. If the voltage is
	over 16.7 volts, your voltage source is defective (overcharging) and needs to be either repaired or
	replaced.
C. Che	ecking for OUTPUT over voltage condition – High Rate Blinking Red LED
	Plug in a known good power source into the trailer, this can be a tractor or portable battery source.
	With the Trail Charger operating, test the voltage at the TC pin #1 and TC pin #3. Also record the
	ambient temperature the battery box has been subjected to in the last 24 hours.
	Voltage reading: Ambient Temperature:
3.	Compare the voltage and ambient temperature recorded in step 2 to the chart below. The voltage
	and temperature from step 2 should be near the curve on the chart. Note: If a trailer is moved that
	has sat outside for a day that has been subjected to 0 degrees F temperature into the shop it could
	take the batteries more than 24 hours to warm up to the shop temperature. When making the
	comparison, base it on the temperature the trailer has been subjected to before moving the trailer
	into the shop.
	Before replacing the Trail Charger it is suggested that the CommandLIFT battery be tested by
	installing a known good battery that has been charged and tested. Defective or severely discharged
	batteries can impact the test results.

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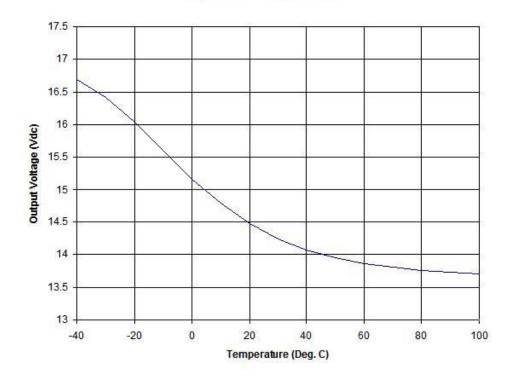


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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Temperature Compensation



- D. Checking for over current condition and/or FET over the thermal limits High Rate Blinking Red LED
 - 1. Plug in a know good power source into the trailer, this can be a tractor or portable battery source.
 - With the Trail Charger operating, place a clip on ammeter around the wire from TC pin #2 to the liftgate battery positive. Measure and record the amps. Amps: _____
 - 1. The amps should not exceed 23 amps.

Note: Before replacing the Trail Charger it is suggested that each of the liftgate batteries be tested individually or that the system be tested with known good batteries that have been charged and tested. Defective or severely discharged batteries can impact the test results.

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TRAIL CHARGER WITH LOCKOUT

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

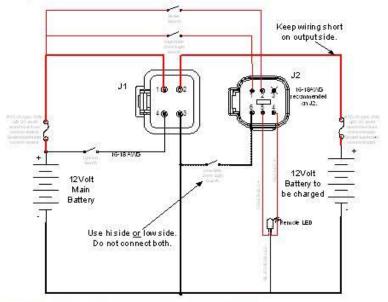
Checking the shut down mode - Medium Rate Blinking Green LED

- Plug in a know good power source into the trailer, that can be a tractor or portable battery source.
- 2. With the Trail Charger operating, unplug the six pin connector from the Trail Charger. The green LED should stop blinking.
- 3. If it does not stop blinking then the Trail Charger is defective and needs to be replaced.
- 4. If it does stop blinking then pin #2 from the six pin plug on the Trail Charger needs to be checked for voltage.
- If pin #2 has more than 3.0 volts the Trail Charger will turn off and have a medium rate blinking green LED. Normally the brake circuit is connected to this circuit. When the brakes are off, you should see 0.0 volts should be at pin #2. When the brakes are applied, you should see battery voltage. Repair the circuit as needed.

Checking the reduced power mode - Slow Rate Blinking Green LED

- 1. Plug in a know good power source into the trailer, this can be a tractor or portable battery source.
- 2. With the Trail Charger operating, unplug the six pin connector from the Trail Charger. The green LED should stop blinking.
- 3. If it does not stop blinking then the Trail Charger is defective and needs to be replaced.
- 4. If it does stop blinking then pin #1 from the six pin plug on the Trail Charger needs to be checked for voltage. This should have a reading of 0.0 volts. If voltage is present then make the necessary repairs.
- 5. If the green LED does stop blinking then pin #6 should be checked for voltage. Any voltage under 5.0 volts will cause the green LED to blink slowly.

Note: This circuit is only used when the interior lights are connected.



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WHITING CommandLIFT®	LIMITED WARRANTY
General	
Requirements	All warranty herein extends to the original owner only and requires proof of purchase and installation of CommandLIFT® Maintenance Kits at the first and second anniversaries of ownership. All warranty herein defines "warranty years" as the lesser of 12 months or 12,000 miles.
CommandLIFT® Kit	
Installed by an Authorized Whiting Shop	Whiting CommandLIFT® drive unit, electrical box & components, track and connecting rod & bracket are guaranteed against defective material and workmanship for a period of three (3) years. Proper installation and maintenance of the CommandLIFT® is crucial for successful operation of this device. Any deviation from the CommandLIFT® Owner's Manual immediately voids the warranty. Adequate power supply must be as outlined in the CommandLIFT® Installation Manual and is required to maintain warranty.
Installed by an Unauthorized Shop	Whiting CommandLIFT® drive unit, electrical box & components, track and connecting rod & bracket are guaranteed against defective material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year. Proper installation and maintenance of the CommandLIFT® is crucial for successful operation of this device. Any deviation from the CommandLIFT® Owner's Manual immediately voids the warranty. Adequate power supply must be as outlined in the CommandLIFT® Installation Manual and is required to maintain warranty.
Power Supply	
Power Supply Wiring	All wiring, if supplied by Whiting, is guaranteed against defective material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year. Improper installation or hook-up voids the warranty. Any damage to the wiring sections is not covered.
Genuine Whiting	
Parts and Components	Use of anything other than Genuine Whiting parts or components voids the warranty. Installation of any non-Whiting device or component to any part of the door kit voids the warranty.
Installation	Installation workmanship of the door kit is the responsibility of the party that performs the installation.
Integration	Integration of the CommandLIFT system with other operating systems may only be done with express <u>written consent</u> of Whiting Door. Failure to do so will void all warranties. Consult with your dealer or the factory before connecting any other systems to the CommandLIFT controller.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation



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